

# Leicestershire County Council Banding Matrix Needs Descriptors

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NEEDS DESCRIPTORS						
Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	
Universal Offer	SEN Support	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Nee	
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# 1 COGNITION AND LEARNING

**2 COMMUNICATION AND INTERACTION** 

3 SOCIAL, EMOTIONAL AND MENTAL HEALTH DIFFICULTIES

## 4 SENSORY AND/OR PHYSICAL NEEDS



<u> </u>	Band G
eeds	<u>Band G</u> High Needs

#### Needs Descriptor - Matrix

Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	Band G
Universal Offer	SEN Support	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs
ognitive abilities within broad	Attainment is at lower level than	Working significantly below ARE	Attainment in the very low range	Significantly low range on	Band E plus additional significant	Has a range of significantly
verage or close to average ARE	majority of peers even with	in most subjects for example:	on standardised assessments	standardised assessments	needs in other areas of SEN in	complex needs, including
vels (or equivalent for EY and	additional support.	• End of EY - 50%/2years +			mobility and coordination,	Cognition and Learning
ost 16).		delay	Will need some individual	Their pattern of progress differs	communication, or acquisition of	
	CYPs may present with an uneven	• End of KS1 – working at PKS1	teaching time in a distraction free	to age related peers, despite	self-help skills.	Functioning at early
ome CYP may present with some	profile.	• End KS2 – working at end of	environment and within the class	interventions		developmental level
arning delay, show difficulties		KS1	will require an individual		Sensory seeking /avoiding	
ith conceptual understanding in	CYPs with specific learning	• End KS3 – working emerging	approach to enable learning to	CYP finds it difficult in making	presentation limit engagement in	Due to level of learning difficultie
me elements of the core	difficulties may experience	KS2 (year 4 or below)	take place	inferences, generalisation and	learning and impact across the	unable to accomplish personal
ırriculum.	discrepancy between oral and	• End KS4 – working at end of		transferring skills	whole school day but can be	care, self-help and independence
	literacy skills. Some CYP may	KS2	Does not usually engage in		managed to support learning and	skills throughout the
ttainment levels may be more	grasp mechanical skills but lack	• Post 16 – in addition to the	learning without adult input.	CYP responds to a slower pace of	development of functional skills.	EY/school/college day
an 1 year below average (or	comprehension e.g., reading,	above level consider learning		learning with a more modified		
nths in EY). Progress data may	maths.	pathways e.g., vocational	May need more significant	based curriculum for extended	When significant tailored	Sensory seeking /avoiding
e below the year group they are		learning programmes.	adaptations to curriculum and	period.	provision is in place, the CYP can	presentation prevent any
orking in, but they respond to	Some language and		teaching including		remain focussed for extended	engagement in learning and
gh Quality Teaching (HQT) +	communication difficulties.	Attainment in the low range on	language/vocabulary acquisition	Pupils who need a developmental	periods of time within the school	impact across the whole school
ort, targeted intervention and is		standardised assessments		curriculum for the large majority	day.	day but can be managed for shor
aking progress over time,	Some difficulties with		or	of the time, focusing on stage		periods to support development
dicating CYP is responding well	concentration and retention and	CYPs with specific learning		approach and no age approach.	EY: A child who has significant	of minimal functional skills.
interventions put in place.	limited ability to transfer skills.	difficulties may have very weak	May need significant mediation of		associated difficulties in speech	
		phonological skills and great	the language environment,	Requires a curriculum with	and language and/or social	When significant tailored
YPs may have some difficulty	Some difficulties in making and	difficulty retaining a basic sight	simplification of instructions with	significant elements of individual	emotional development	provision is in place, the CYP can
rganising written work,	maintaining friendships and	vocabulary.	visual cues?	planning which requires constant		remain focussed for short periods
xpressing and/or recording	relationships.	,		individual support or monitoring	EY: A child with profound,	of time within the school day.
eas.		Significant difficulties retaining	Responds best to a highly		complex needs which may require	
	Some delay in fine and gross	skills and information, and with	personalised curriculum and	Requires a curriculum with	enhanced or specialised provision,	Requires a curriculum with
equires a generally planned	motor skills.	processing new information, may	adapted teaching styles	significant elements of individual	with personalised programmes of	significant elements of individual
urriculum and general support to		be manifested as difficulties with		planning which requires constant	support delivered by staff with a	planning, which requires close
ngage in learning, however,	May need some additional	attention and concentration and	EY: A child who is not making	individual support or monitoring	high level of expertise.	constant individual support to
esponds well to adaptive	support to develop independence	keeping up in class or staying on	progress despite interventions	to engage in learning		engage in learning
aching.	in organizational skills and	task.			EY: Child requires a high level of	
	personal care needs.		EY: A child who has significant	EY: A child who is not making	support to access learning and	EY: A child who is working at
an complete work set without, in		May have difficulties in	associated difficulties in speech	progress or is regressing despite	make progress	below a third of their
ie most part, direct adult	Concerns about rate of progress,	generalising and applying new	and language and/or social	interventions		chronological age in all areas of
pervision	generalising and retention of skills	skills	emotional development		EY: A child who us working at	their development
	and information			EY: A child who has significant	below a third of their	
: accessing range of play		Sensory processing difficulties	EY: A child who requires	associated difficulties in speech	chronological age in three or	EY: A child who is not making
tivities independently	May need modification of the	including auditory processing and	significant support to engage in	and language and/or social	more areas of development	progress or is regressing despite
	curriculum with programmes of	visual and poor working memory,	any adult led experiences	emotional development		interventions
: follows routines of setting	learning to develop literacy	requires alterations to the				
dependently, possibly with	and/or numeracy skills, with	curriculum to enable a slower	EY: A child who is working at less	EY: A child who requires		EY: a child who needs a sensory
ipport of visuals	adaptive teaching styles.	pace of learning with a more	than half their chronological age	significant support to engage in		based curriculum
		functional based curriculum.	in the most areas of development	any adult led experiences		
Y: a child working at or above	Responds to interventions over a					EY: a child who is reliant on adults
alf their age in all most areas of	period of 2 terms	There may be examples of		EY: A child who needs adult		to access any learning activities
evelopment		frustration and evidence of more		support to engage in play-based		
	EY: accessing range of play	insecure self-esteem caused by		activities		EY: A child with profound,
	activities with some guidance	the learning difficulties.				complex needs which may require
	from adults					enhanced or specialised provisior



	May need alternative recording	EY: A child who needs adult	
EY: follows routines of setting,	strategies to access the	support to follow routines	
with adult support	curriculum, with enhanced use of		
	ICT	EY: A child who is working at a	
EY: A child who is working at half		third of their chronological age in	
their chronological age or less in	Requires a generally planned	three or more areas	
two or more areas	curriculum with some individual		
	elements; requires regular		
EY: A child who is making little	individual support to engage in		
progress despite interventions	learning.		
	5		
EY: A child who requires some	Learning needs regular individual		
support to engage in any adult led	support		
experiences	56000		
	May need more finely graded and		
	slower paced approaches,		
	structured multi-sensory		
	techniques, with more frequent		
	repetition, reinforcement and		
	over-learning to develop		
	literacy/numeracy skills.		
	Programme of study planning may		
	need be overseen, and evaluated		
	by SENCO with advice from		
	external specialist		
	EY: a child who is working at less		
	than half their chronological age		
	in three or more areas		
	EY: A child who is not making		
	progress despite interventions		
	EY: A child who has significant		
	associated difficulties in speech		
	and language and/or social		
	emotional development		
	EY: A child who requires		
	significant support to engage in		
	any adult led experiences		

When assessing a CYP's needs, consider a true reflection of the child when working independently (without adult support). This will include consideration around the child's preferred learning style and adapting the curriculum to meet the CYP's learning style. This adaptation alone would be quality first teaching. It is important to think of the holistic view of the child, across the whole curriculum, including areas of strength and interest.





Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band I
Universal Offer	SEN Support	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs (c
Expressive and/or receptive	Mild delay in expressive and/or	Moderate delay in expressive <u>or</u>	Uses and understands language at	Severely limited language in	Severe language and
language skills within average or	receptive language and/or mild	receptive language and/or speech	1-2 word level at end of KS1.	expressive and receptive language	difficulties which aff
close to average levels.	speech sound disorder that will	disorder	Communicates in phrases with	and/or speech disorder causing	ability to communica
	require some intervention.		signs / symbols or speech.	limited functional communication	successfully with all
May have difficulties with		Language abilities prevent		causing significant barriers to	most familiar to ther
comprehension and ability to	Mild difficulties in processing and	effective age-appropriate	The CYP would benefit from	learning and social relationships.	contextual support.
follow instructions, giving	responding to verbal information.	communication.	external support and should be		
accounts of events and/or	May have difficulties in		sought to meet communication	Uses basic verbal communication	Learning to use a mix
conveying more abstract and	understanding and following	Difficulties in understanding and	and interaction needs.	alongside non-verbal	speech and augment
complex thoughts.	complex instructions.	following instructions impacting		communications which may be	communication system
		on learning, independence, and	Speech is difficult to understand.	unique and/or speech usage	needs/choices know
May have speech immaturities or	May have difficulties in using a	social interaction.	An alternative communication	limited to familiar words used in	
difficulties impacting on	range of grammatically correct		system may to be used to	context	Despite an augments
intelligibility in certain situations,	sentence structures.	Considerable difficulty organising	participate at the right level, e.g.		communication system
or whose speech is unclear but		expressive language and making	Makaton	CYP likely to withdraw from	CYP is likely to exper
improving (EYFS).	May require additional support in	meaning clear		communication in class, limited	difficulties experient
	new or changing		Limited functional and social	social interaction with language	communication, whi
Can communicate/be understood	environments/routines to meet	Difficulties in understanding	communication skills which	difficulties having significant	present through frus
in certain situations (e.g. quiet	social expectations.	longer instructions and those with	impacts on the ability to engage in	impact on learning in all subjects.	
space)		more complex grammar and	classroom activities and 'free'		Will have complex comp
	May show unusual aspects of	vocabulary.	time.	CYP may show signs of distress	difficulties & may co
May be reluctant to comment in	speech such as unusual			and confusion, likely to be	through other means
class/group situations	intonation, volume, rate echolalia	Persistent difficulties with speech	CYP experiencing distress when	misunderstood and respond	speech, e.g. iPad or
	and idiosyncratic phrases	which impacts significantly on	changing focus or moving	unexpectedly.	communication aid
CYP may have needs within		literacy skills. Some single words	between activities.		(augmentative) as a
communication and interaction /	May benefit from a small amount	may be clear but connected		CYP likely to have ongoing work	means of communic
a diagnosis but has competencies	of targeted communication aids	speech remains poor.	CYP have difficulties	through multi-professional	require an individua
to support their ability to cope	(e.g. visuals), either through class	Speech may only be understood	understanding social and physical	approach.	communication prog
with the expectations of	teaching or environment.	by familiar adults.	risks and their own vulnerability,		technical support. If
EY/school/college life.			severely limited ability to	Significantly limited social	Speech Device this v
	CYP needs targeted interventions	Uses and understands language at	understand consequences and	communication that restriction	recommended follow
CYP may have a spikey	and support for delayed social	a 4-5 word level at end of KS1	responsibility for actions. Does	ability to manage emotions and	assessment external
developmental profile, with	communication to reduce anxiety		not show empathy	cause regular high levels of	(EATS and/or ATfEST
curriculum areas where they excel	frustration or distress and impact	CYP shows signs of anxiety or		distress and anxiety which	
but others where the CYP does	on the ability to engage in	distress when faced with new	Difficulties expressing emotions	presents significant barrier to	Profoundly limited s
not excel in.	learning and other activities.	people, places, events or when	which may lead to distressed	their learning.	communication skills
	-	unsure what is going to happen.	behaviours and increased anxiety		impact on all areas c
Access to the curriculum should	CYP needs targeted interventions			Rigid, repetitive, or obsessional	ability to function wi
be within Age Related	and support for with initiating	Limited ability to understand the	CYP shows significant signs of	behaviours make it difficult to	educational setting t
Expectations, but CYP may have	social interactions and/or	impact of their actions on others.	anxiety or distress when faced	engage in learning. These can	the day including so
barriers with demonstrating to	decreased interest in social		with new people, places, events	lead to severe anxiety, and	
non-preferred adults.	interaction, which may lead to	CYP have difficulties	or when unsure what is going to	distressed behaviour.	Frequently anxious o
	difficulties forming and	understanding social and physical	happen.		leading to frequent,
A child is responsive to whole	maintaining friendships.	risks. CYPs is isolated and may be		Unable to reflect on	unpredictable, beha
school and class-based		vulnerable.	EY: A child with a confirmed	consequences of his/her	jeopardizes the heal
approaches and interventions.	CYP benefits from a range of		diagnosis from a health	behaviour on others. Approach	of self and others.
	strategies to support transitions.	Limited initiation of social	professional of a communication	others paying little or no	
CYP may experience low level/low	Difficulties switching between	interaction but can take part in	difficulty/delay who may use	attention to their response.	CYP has significant d
frequency difficulties with	activities.	some imaginative play if	alternative ways of	Unable to engage in most social	understanding and/
following:		taught/supported but cannot	communication, such as Makaton	activities.	to their own emotion
classroom routines responding to	CYP may experience anxiety,	develop this independently.	or PECS, and who also may be		emotions of others.

#### COMMUNICATION AND INTERACTION



#### nd F

s (complex) and/or speech affect their nicate all but those them, even with ort.

n mixture of nented/assistive systems to make nown.

ents/assistive system in place, sperience ienced with which may frustrations.

ex communication y communicate eans then or similar aid as a primary unication. Will dual programme and t. If using a his will have been bllowing an rnal to the school fEST).

ed social skills, which as of learning and n within the ng throughout g social times.

us or frustrated, ent, and ehaviours that health and safety s.

nt difficulties in nd/or responding ptions and the ers.

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#### Band G

High Needs (complex) Profoundly limited language skills; non-verbal and very limited or no understanding of language or other means of communication and faces difficulties in accessing supportive communication systems.

Reliant on assistive and augmentative systems and familiar adults to enable them to make their needs and wishes known

CYPs communicate by gesture, eye pointing or symbols

Profoundly limited functional social communication skills which lead to daily, frequent high levels of distress and anxiety.

Inability to tolerate any social interaction other than meeting own basic needs.

Unpredictable, escalating and prolonged distressed behaviours throughout the day that jeopardises health and safety of self and others.

Extremely high levels of anxiety which impact upon their wellbeing and ability to engage in all contexts.

Extreme sensory challenges throughout the day.

EY: This child has communication, social, behavioural and/or sensory needs, making their learning challenging. For example, a child who:

- has difficulties following instructions, and classroom routines
- needs adult support to start and maintain attention on a task

<ul> <li>taking, reciprocal attention, sharing of resources, social isolation or low-level anxiety in social situations.</li> <li>Mostly confident with occasional difficulty integrating or fulfilling social activity</li> <li>EY: Child shows some delay in speech such as clarity</li> <li>Child may need support to understand and follow instructions</li> <li>EY: Child shows some delay in speech such as clarity</li> <li>Child may need support to understand and follow instructions</li> <li>EY: Child shows some delay in structions</li> <li>EY: Child shows some delay in speech such as clarity</li> <li>Child may need support to understand and follow instructions</li> <li>EY: Child shows some delay in speech such as clarity.</li> <li>CYP may have a spike developmental profil where they are not were they</li></ul>



Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	
Universal Offer	SEN Support	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	
CYP may experience low	CYP may experience more frequent	CYP struggle with self-regulation,	Requires individually planned	Regular difficulties which may	More regular (daily)	Frequ
level/low frequency difficulties	difficulties with:	which may be communicated	behaviour management with	involve impulsivity,	dysregulation which involve	dysre
with:	<ul> <li>self- worth and/or confidence</li> </ul>	through aggression, outbursts and	very regular individual support	unpredictability and	confrontations with peers or	comp
<ul> <li>self- worth and/or confidence</li> </ul>	- becoming anxious due to	unsafe behaviours or may present	for appropriate social	confrontations with peers or	adults which often compromises	healt
<ul> <li>becoming anxious due to</li> </ul>	difficulties making and/or sustaining	as significantly withdrawn, which in	engagement.	adults which sometimes	the safety and health of	
difficulties making and/or	friendships.	turn has an impact on the ability to		compromises the safety and	themselves and others	Not a
sustaining friendships.	- following adult directions	engage in learning.	Physical intervention required	health or themselves and others		
<ul> <li>following adult directions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>working independently</li> </ul>		(may be some lack of co-		Struggles to accept requests or	Very
- working independently	- motivation requiring frequent	Have significant difficulties related	operation).	Struggles to comply with requests	consequences or engage in	mean
<ul> <li>motivation requiring frequent</li> </ul>	encouragement to stay on task	to level of concentration,		from anyone other than a key	restoration.	in mo
encouragement to stay on task		engagement, and participation in	Behaviour has health and safety	adult		currio
	CYP may withdraw or become	learning.	implications to self, others		CYP has mental health needs	hype
CYP may withdraw or become	stressed when faced with known		and/or property resulting in the	CYP may have mental health	that significantly impact on daily	
stressed when faced with	tasks.	Have low self-worth and a few	need for regular close	needs that significantly impact on	learning and all relationships	CYP h
new/unfamiliar tasks		techniques for resilience. When	supervision.	learning and activities throughout	with adults and peers.	ment
	CYP may have several ACE's, which	dysregulated unable to access		the week.		exam
CYP may have an ACE, which	requires medium -term	support.	Levels of anxiety affect		CYP has difficulty understanding	attacl
requires short-term	interventions to support (e.g.		participation in all aspects of the	Mental health needs may cause	and managing their emotions,	etc w
interventions to support (e.g.	domestic abuse) being aware of	CYP may have mental health needs	school day. Including no	the need to feel in control in	exhibits regular changes in	life.
bereavement) being aware of	Trauma triggers, and generational	including attachment difficulties	attendance.	order to feel emotionally safe.	mood.	<b>F</b> wa w
Trauma triggers.	trauma.	leading to connection seeking or		Description is dividently released	De sucies a la dividua llucata se a d	Frequ
Changes in attendence, helew	CVD is displaying EDCA	avoidant behaviours. They may		Requires individually planned	Requires individually planned	Eutore
Changes in attendance- below	CYP is displaying EBSA	impact on the ability to build and	Dereistant and frequent difficult	behaviour management	behaviour management with	Extre
average due to: low level anxiety	Decline in the child's attendance	maintain successful relationships with adults and peers.	Persistent and frequent difficult within social relationships with	programme with frequent individual support to ensure	constant individual support or monitoring for appropriate social	challe or se
Some behaviours displayed in isolation, where behaviour	percentage, the strategies from	with addits and peers.		appropriate social engagement.		such
management and ELSA support is	universal support are no longer	Unable to self-regulate leading to	peers	appropriate social engagement.	engagement.	only
required.	working.	prolonged experience of stress.	Social skill development and	Need specific, individually	Regularly and frequently	const
lequieu.	working.	profoliged experience of stress.	social understanding is	planned elements of the	extremely aggressive to staff and	will p
Child can self-regulate.	The CYP is not attending some of	Decline in the child's attendance	significantly delayed for age	curriculum in order to support	peers. They are unlikely to	mind
enna can sen regulate.	their lessons.	percentage, despite using	significantly delayed for age	behaviour.	respond to diversionary or	minu
Masking and how the CYP is		strategies from element two, and	Preparation for adulthood	Schulour	calming strategies and require	Requ
presenting impacts on them	Child is unable to self-regulate	evidencing these over a period of		Behaviour is frequently a risk to	physical intervention. May	beha
attending the placement.	leading to short experience of stress.	time there has been little or no	Very limited relationships with	self and others.	require a second person	close
		increase in attendance.	peers		available routinely (e.g.	for ap
Children that are displaying signs	Difficulty forming and sustaining		P	Persistent and frequent difficult	possibility of false accusations).	engag
of being restless, easily	relationships with adults and or	Significant difficulty developing and	EY: A child who may be	within social relationships with		more
distracted- change of seating	peers.	maintaining social relationships, as	withdrawn, isolated and unlikely	peers evident in all contexts	Persistent and frequent difficult	
plan will need to be explored.		expected for age.	to interact with others	,	within social relationships with	EY: T
	CYP- can recognise and			Social skill development and	peers evident in all contexts.	revie
CYP- can recognise and	communicate their needs with adult	Frequent issues with peers and	A child who may appear unhappy	social understanding is	Interactions may be risky or	progr
communicate their needs.	support.	within friendships requiring	and unmotivated, and may have	significantly delayed for age and	unsafe.	in the
		support and intervention	selective communications	impacts on daily experience in		The c
EY: Child may experience age-	Children may need concentration			school	Extremely limited social	suppo
appropriate behaviour when	aids and support to access learning	Significant delay with social	EY: A child who may be		understanding which affect	profe
frustrated	and maintain focus for periods of	understanding and social skill	unpredictable or attention	Very limited relationships with	interactions and social responses	
	time that is age appropriate.	development	seeking, which may lead to	peers – interactions require close	through the day	The c
Children with additional needs	2		frustration and negative	support		disru
will be monitored.	Have difficulty with maintaining and	EY: A child who may be withdrawn,	behaviours. This is likely to have		All peer interactions require	wellb
	directing attention, concentration,	isolated and unlikely to interact	an impact on accessing other	EY: The child has had rigorous	monitoring and support due to	challe
	engagement, and participation in	with others	areas of the EYFS.	review showing little or no	frequent challenge and	The c
					unpredictability	



## Band G

#### High Needs

equent, intense and prolonged sregulation which consistently mpromises the safety and alth of themselves and others.

t able to access coregulation.

ry frequent state of distress ans they are unable to engage most aspects of the rriculum. Persistent state of per-vigilant

P have complex, assessed ental health needs; for ample, this may include achment disorder, depression, which impacts on their daily

equent risk of significant harm.

tremely aggressive/ allenging behaviours to others self are continuously ongoing ch that they and others are ly safe when an adult is in nstant attendance. Pupils who I periodically show single nded intent to damage others.

quires individually planned haviour management with se constant individual support appropriate social gagement which may require ore than one adult.

The child has had rigorous view showing little or no ogress towards the targets set the targeted plan. e child's needs have been oported by a range of ofessionals

e child's behaviour is ruptive to the learning and llbeing of others and is allenging to staff. e child's placement is at risk.

learning; this maybe as a result of	EY: A child who may appear	EY: A child who may be	progress towards the targets set	
fear of failure, or low self-worth.	unhappy and unmotivated, and	withdrawn and isolated,	in the targeted plan.	EY: The child h
	may have selective	appearing unhappy and		review showin
Some connection seeking or	communications	unmotivated, with selective	The child's needs have been	progress towa
avoiding behaviours, likely to be		communications	supported by the EY Inclusion	in the targeted
reliant on relationships with key	EY: A child who may be		practitioners/Oakfield	
adults or specific CYP.	unpredictable or attention seeking,	EY: A child who may be		The child's ne
	which may lead to frustration and	unpredictable or attention	The child's behaviour is disruptive	supported by
May display anxiety or stress. May	negative behaviours. This is likely	seeking, which may lead to	to the learning and wellbeing of	practitioners/
be at risk of isolation or becoming	to have an impact on accessing	frustration and negative	others and is challenging to staff.	
socially vulnerable.	other areas of the EYFS.	behaviours. This is likely to have	The child's placement is at risk.	The child's be
		an impact on accessing other	Goodman's Strengths and	disruptive to t
Low self-worth, seeks approval and	The child's needs have been	areas of the EYFS	Difficulties Questionnaire or	wellbeing of o
reassurance repeatedly but yet still	supported by the EY Inclusion		Boxall Profile at least six months	challenging to
appears to remain insecure.	practitioners/Oakfield	may have emerging mental	apart, provide evidence in the	The child's pla
		health difficulties: self-harm,	abnormal range of behaviours	Goodman's St
Requires some adult support to cope	The child's behaviour is disruptive	irrational fears, risk taking	such as:	Difficulties Qu
with emotions and relationships e.g.	to the learning and wellbeing of		<ul> <li>daily incidences of non-</li> </ul>	Boxall Profile
ELKLAN	others and is challenging to staff.	The child's needs have been	compliant and	apart show ev
	The child's placement is at risk.	supported by the EY Inclusion	uncooperative behaviour	abnormal rang
Requires some support to develop	Goodman's Strengths and	practitioners/Oakfield	which are long-lasting	such as:
and manage social relationships (e.g.	Difficulties Questionnaire or Boxall	The child's behaviour is	and frequent, e.g.	<ul> <li>daily</li> </ul>
developing social understanding and	Profile at least six months apart,	disruptive to the learning and	refusals to join in and	comp
social skills)	provide evidence in the abnormal	wellbeing of others and is	follow requests	unco
	range of behaviours such as:	challenging to staff.	• self-regulating, e.g.	beha
EY: Children may experience longer	<ul> <li>daily incidences of non-</li> </ul>	The child's placement is at risk.	intense emotional or	long-
periods of behaviour but still within	compliant and	Goodman's Strengths and	aggressive outbursts /	frequ
age expectations	uncooperative behaviour	Difficulties Questionnaire or	uninhibited /	join i
	which are long-lasting and	Boxall Profile at least six months	unpredictable outbursts,	requ
	frequent, e.g. refusals to	apart, provide evidence in the	<ul> <li>socially inappropriate or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>self-r</li> </ul>
	join in and follow requests	abnormal range of behaviours	sexualised behaviour,	inten
	• self-regulating, e.g.	such as:	low levels of resilience	aggre
	intense emotional or	daily incidences of non-	when faced with	uninh
	aggressive outbursts /	compliant and	challenge or criticism	unpr
	uninhibited /	uncooperative	<ul> <li>behaviour causing</li> </ul>	outbu
	unpredictable outbursts,	behaviour which are	significant barrier to	<ul> <li>socia</li> </ul>
	• socially inappropriate or	long-lasting and	learning, e.g. child has	sexua
	sexualised behaviour,	frequent, e.g. refusals to	limited attention span	low let
	<ul> <li>low levels of resilience</li> </ul>	join in and follow	and willingness to	wher
	when faced with challenge	requests	engage in activities	challe
	or criticism	<ul> <li>self-regulating, e.g.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>unable to socialise with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>high</li> </ul>
	behaviour causing	intense emotional or	peers and adults, e.g.	hype
	significant barrier to	aggressive outbursts /	lack of empathy	swing
	learning, e.g. child has	uninhibited /	<ul> <li>at risk of exclusion,</li> </ul>	socia
	limited attention span and	unpredictable outbursts,	isolation or becoming	<ul> <li>beha</li> </ul>
	willingness to engage in	socially inappropriate or	socially vulnerable	learn
	activities	sexualised behaviour,	<ul> <li>increasing concerns</li> </ul>	limite
	unable to socialise with	low levels of resilience	_	and v
	peers and adults, e.g. lack	when faced with	around mental health	enga
	of empathy	challenge or criticism	and well being	• unab
		<ul> <li>behaviour causing</li> </ul>	may have mental health	
		significant barrier to	may have mental health	peers
	isolation or becoming	_	difficulties: self-harm, irrational	lack o
	socially vulnerable	learning, e.g. child has	fears, risk taking	at ris
	increasing concerns	limited attention span		isolat
	around mental health and	and willingness to		socia
	well being	engage in activities		



has had rigorous ing little or no vards the targets set ed plan.

eeds have been / the EY Inclusion /Oakfield

ehaviour is the learning and others and is o staff.

lacement is at risk. Strengths and Questionnaire or at least six months evidence in the nge of behaviours

y incidences of nonpliant and ooperative

aviour which are

g-lasting and

uent, e.g. refusals to in and follow uests

-regulating, e.g.

nse emotional or ressive outbursts / nhibited /

edictable

oursts,

ally inappropriate or ualised behaviour, levels of resilience en faced with llenge or criticism n levels of anxiety, er-vigilance, mood ngs, difficulties with

al relationships. aviour prevents ning, e.g. child has ted attention span willingness to age in activities ble to socialise with rs and adults, e.g.

of empathy isk of exclusion, ation or becoming ally vulnerable Goodman's Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire or Boxall Profile at least six months apart, show evidence in the abnormal range of behaviours such as:

- daily incidences of noncompliant and uncooperative behaviour which are long-lasting and frequent, e.g. refusals to join in and follow requests
- self-regulating, e.g. intense emotional or aggressive outbursts / uninhibited / unpredictable outbursts,
- socially inappropriate or sexualised behaviour,
- low levels of resilience when faced with challenge or criticism
- high levels of anxiety, hyper-vigilance, mood swings, difficulties with social relationships.
- behaviour causing significant barrier to learning, e.g. child has limited attention span and willingness to engage in activities
- unable to socialise with peers and adults, e.g. lack of empathy
- at risk of exclusion, isolation or becoming socially vulnerable
- increasing concerns around mental health and well being

may have significant mental health difficulties: self-harm, irrational fears, risk taking

		unable to socialise with	<ul> <li>increasi</li> </ul>
		peers and adults, e.g.	around
		lack of empathy	and we
		<ul> <li>at risk of exclusion,</li> </ul>	
		isolation or becoming	may have signific
		socially vulnerable	health difficultie
		<ul> <li>increasing concerns</li> </ul>	irrational fears, I
		around mental health	
		and well being	
		may have mental health	
		difficulties: self-harm, irrational	
		fears, risk taking	

CYP is likely to have (or being awaiting) health involvement and/or Social Care involvement.



asing concerns d mental health ell being	
ficant mental ies: self-harm, , risk taking	

Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band
Universal Offer	SEN Support	High Needs	High Needs	High Needs	High Ne
A child/young person with an	A child/young person with a	Moderate vision impairments:	Moderate to severe distance	Severely sight impaired but has	Severe sight impaire
identified visual need or under	diagnosis of a visual impairment	6/19-6/36 Snellen (LogMAR0.6-	visual acuities of 6/19 to less than	some usable residual vision.	residual vision. Visua
investigation.	or under investigation.	0.78)	6/36 Snellen (LogMAR0.6-0.78)	Visual acuity of less than 6/36 -	less than 6/36 - 6/12
Vision within normal range likely	Mild to Moderate vision	Clear print and (or modified large	They are likely to require onlarged	6/120 Snellen/Kay (LogMAR 0.8 –	(LogMAR 0.8 – 1.3)
Vision within normal range, likely to have visual acuities of 6/6 of	impairments: 6/12-6/18 Snellen	Clear print and/or modified large print to point size N18-N24	They are likely to require enlarged print 18-36 print but be able to	1.3)	Will need require ta
6/6 6/12 Snellen 0.0- 0.3 LogMAR	(LogMAR0.3-0.6)		access pictures and colours.	Will required access to jumbo	such as braille and ju
0/0 0/12 Shellen 0.0- 0.5 Logivian		May have fluctuating functional		print N48 or larger (this is bigger	point size N48 or lar
CYPs whose vision can be	Bilateral vision impairment	vision in different educational	CYP will require differentiated	than can easily be produced using	
corrected by glasses for		environments.	visual materials with support. –	standard techniques and requires	Will learn
refraction, CYP with unilateral	Likely to need		Curriculum access not possible	full scanning and reformatting of	uncontracted/contra
amblyopia, monocular vision.	clear print and/or enlarged print	Curriculum access not possible	without significant mediation	text)	alongside assistive t
, , ,	to point size N14-18	without significant mediation	and/or adaptations of curriculum	,	0
If undergoing a vision occlusion		and/or adaptations of curriculum	materials requiring training to	May need to use tactile mediums	Able to access currie
programme (patching) CYP may	CYP Is independently mobile in	materials requiring training to	produce resources and additional	to access diagrams, graphs.	buildings only with s
need environmental changes such	familiar areas	produce resources and additional	support in practical subjects		adaptations of all lea
as sitting closer to the focal point		support in practical subjects	(safety).	CYP will have a bilateral	materials requiring
of the lesson to allow for their	Curriculum access possible with	(safety).		impairment.	produce resources,
temporary worsening of vision.	vision aids, use of accessibility		CYP may not give correct body		additional support in
	options when using laptops,	May need assessment of mobility	language and interaction with	Will only be able to access	subjects
Colour blindness may be present.	tablets and phones, specialist	skills at transition points in their	adults and peers may be	learning with specialist assistive	
	accessibility IT equipment,	school career.	impaired.	technology including CCTV	Will need orientatio
The CYP experiences needs which	adaptation of materials.			electronic magnifier, laptop with	may need assessme
are managed with appropriate		The pupil has impaired function in	Likely to require desktop	JAWS.	training and independent
differentiation of task and	May have difficulties with spatial	the educational setting, and this is	magnifier	All curriculum materials in jumbo	teaching
teaching style.	awareness, using standard text	generally accepted to be the key	Cracialist assistive technology	print or under CCTV or modified	Will only be able to
	and pictorial materials e.g., maps and graphs.	criterion.	Specialist assistive technology may be required, and they may	for some screen access.	Will only be able to learning with specia
VST advice only. An initial		There may be a restricted field of	require learning to touch type.	Will need to learn to touch-type	technology, CCTV, e
assessment by a Qualified	The pupil will function at a mild	vision; fluctuating visual	require learning to touch type.	using shortcut keys.	magnifier, laptop wi
Teacher of the Visually Impaired may be required to advise school	level of vison impairment. There	impairment; deteriorating	May have visual field loss	using shortcut keys.	to speech. Brailler/k
of any BERA.	may be difficulty with near or	conditions; cerebral visual		CYP will have significantly	
of any being.	distance field vision, but the	impairment; retinal atrophy;	May have gradually deteriorating	impaired functional vision in the	Will need to learn to
	difficulty will not be significant at	Retinal dystrophy; Recently	vision requiring more frequent	educational setting affecting the	using short cut keys
	this level of support and /or may	acquired permanent VI or late	monitoring.	presentation of the curriculum,	
	be correctable with consideration	diagnosis.		the school or classroom	Will need orientatio
	to school and classroom		The pupil, family and setting may	environment, and the classroom	may need assessme
	environment.	Pupils will have a bilateral	need support in managing their	management of the pupils for	training and indepe
		impairment	developing social and emotional	example positioning in class, use	teaching
	Twice Annual visits of a teacher of		needs and their understanding of	of equipment etc. This may be	
	the visually impaired. This could	Termly visits from a Teacher of	the impact of vision loss.	compounded by other problems	At least weekly visit
	increase to termly to support	the Visually Impaired. This could		such as visual field loss, ocular	Teacher of the Visua
	transition or exams.	increase for transition and	Half termly visits from a Teacher	motor impairment, visual	With additional inpu
		examinations.	of the Visually Impaired. This	perception difficulties or the	Habilitation Officer
	NB: The combined impact of the		could increase to support	presence of degenerative visual	Technology and Key
	vision needs and hearing needs		transition, visual changes and	conditions.	Instructor.
	for a child with a multi-sensory		examinations		
	impairment must be considered			Able to access curriculum and	
	as this will multiply the overall			buildings only with substantial	
	need			adaptations of all learning	
				materials requiring training to	

### SENSORY AND/OR PHYSICAL NEEDS



#### n<mark>d F</mark> Needs

aired with some isual acuity of 5/120 Snellen/Kay 3)

e tactile mediums id jumbo print to larger.

ntracted braille e technology

urriculum and th substantial I learning ing training to es, ICT and rt in practical

ation skills and ment for cane pendent skills

to access ecialist assistive /, electronic o with JAWS; text er/braille display.

n touch typing eys.

ation skills and ment for cane pendent skills

isits from a isually Impaired. nput from a er and Assistive Keyboard

#### Band G High Needs

Profound visual loss – visual acuity of less than 6/120 Snellen/Kay (LogMAR 1.31)

Registered blind and will use braille/tactile mediums to access learning. Will need to learn uncontracted/contracted braille alongside assistive technology.

CYP will have a bilateral impairment.

CYP will have a profound visual loss. This is highly likely to be compounded by other problems such as visual field loss, ocular motor impairment, visual perception difficulties or the presence of degenerative visual conditions.

CYP is educationally blind, and needs will be permanent and lifelong due to the nature of their disability.

CYP may have MDVI (multi disability and visual impairment), deteriorating conditions and cerebral visual impairment.

Some of the provision for a complex needs pupil may cross the different categories of need.

CYP will need to access information using braille/tactile methods which require specialist training to produce resources.

Will only be able to access learning with specialist assistive technology including Perkins brailler, hard copy braille, braille display text to speech technology.

Will need to touch-type using shortcut keys.

CYP will need to learn specialist Braille code for Maths, Science,

				support in practical subjects to enable safe participation.		Music and Languages, as well as the Literary Code.
				Monthly to fortnightly visits from a Teacher of the visually Impaired. Additional support from a Habilitation Officer and Assistive Technology and Keyboard Instructor will assess support		CYP will access buildings and move around the school only with regular and individual formal teaching of orientation and mobility for cane skills. May require a guide dog
				needs.		Multi-weekly visits from a Teacher of the Visually Impaired. With additional input from a Habilitation Officer and Assistive Technology and Keyboard Skills Instructor.
CYP may have a unilateral hearing loss or a very mild hearing loss. CYP may have listening difficulties, particularly in noisy conditions and may mis-hear and mis-understand spoken information which may require monitoring and support. CYP likely to be advice only with no direct from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD)	The deafness is likely to be permanent and at least 'Mild- Moderate' in level Deafness that affects access to the curriculum without access to deaf friendly teaching. Typical Profile for Level 1 hearing impaired pupil. Unilateral sensori-neural; bilateral fluctuating conductive hearing loss; mild deafness Likely to use hearing aids. May use a sound field system provided by school Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be advice only, annual or twice yearly. NB: The combined impact of the vision needs and hearing needs for a child with a multi-sensory impairment must be considered as this will multiply the overall need	The deafness is likely to be permanent. Typical profile will be moderate sensori-neural (with/without conductive overlay) hearing loss The CYP may require support to become an independent user of their equipment and to understand their hearing and listening needs. Curriculum access requires mediation and/or adaptations of curriculum materials. CYP will use hearing aids and may make use of a soundfield system or Assistive Listening Device (ALD). They may require support with this. Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be Termly; half termly or monthly Their deafness may impact on their vocabulary and language levels.	Likely to have a Moderate to severe, bilateral deafness (sensori-neural, conductive or mixed) or Auditory Neuropathy Spectrum Disorder (ANSD) . They may have a profound loss using cochlear Implants with age- appropriate language The Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be monthly or fortnightly CYP will use hearing aids or Cochlear Implants and be eligible for an Assistive Listening Device (ALD). Their deafness will have a direct impact on their language, thinking and literacy development as well as their interaction and social development. The pupil will require support to become an independent user of their equipment and to understand their hearing and listening needs and develop their deaf identity The pupil, family and setting may need support in managing their	<ul> <li>The deafness is very likely to be 'Sensori-Neural' or 'Mixed' in nature and is likely to be at Severe level</li> <li>CYP may have Auditory Neuropathy.</li> <li>CYP could have an acquired hearing loss, congenital or progressive hearing loss</li> <li>CYP's_access to the curriculum requires substantial differentiation and adaptation of material in all_areas of the curriculum. They may require pre and post tutoring to ensure they have the language to access their lessons</li> <li>The Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be fortnightly or weekly</li> <li>The pupil will be using hearing aids and/or cochlear implant/s and an Assistive listening Device (ALD)</li> <li>CYP's Deafness will have a direct impact on their language, thinking and literacy development as well as their interaction and social</li> </ul>	The deafness will be 'Sensori- Neural' or 'Mixed' in nature and is likely to be at Severe- Profound level. CYP may have Auditory Neuropathy or other complicating inner ear pathology. CYP's access to the curriculum requires substantial individual differentiation and adaptation of material in all materials in all areas of the curriculum. They will require pre and post tutoring to ensure they have the language to access their lessons The Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be weekly or multi weekly . CYP's deafness will have a direct significant impact on their language, thinking and literacy development as well as their interaction and social development. CYP may require the support of British Sign Language (BSL) for effective communication and learning.	The deafness will be 'Sensori- Neural' or 'Mixed' in nature and at Severe- Profound level. The us of equipment to support their hearing may not be a possibility for them. CYP may have Auditory Neuropathy or other complicating inner ear or auditory nerve pathology. All teaching and support will involve the use of British Sign Language unless the CYP is following a specifically auditory/oral only programme of development. CYP able to access curriculum onl with assistive devices and requires substantial mediation and/or adaptations of materials Where possible, hearing aids or Hearing/Cochlear Implants/Radio Aids, access to excellent acoustic listening conditions essential. BSL is first language The Sensory Support from a Teacher of Deaf Children and Young People (TOD) is likely to be
			developing social and emotional needs and their understanding of being a young deaf person.	development CYP is likely to be known to speech and language therapy (SALT) services.	The pupil will be using hearing aids and/or cochlear implant/s and a Assistive listening Device (ALD) . Access to excellent acoustic listening conditions	weekly or multi weekly .



				The CYP will require ongoing	essential unless they cannot use	
				support to become an	audition	
				independent user of their		
				equipment and to understand	The CYP will require ongoing	
				their hearing and listening needs	support to become an	
				and develop their deaf identity	independent user of their	
					equipment and to understand	
					their hearing and listening needs	
					and develop their deaf identity	
Development in line with the	CYP has poor fine and/or gross	Physical needs give rise to safety	Curriculum access not possible	CYP has significant physical,	CYP has a long-term and/or	Profound physical, long-term, and
typically developing child or	motor skills, despite a period of	issues and Curriculum and	without substantial mediation and	medical, or neurological condition	progressive condition and is	progressive, life limiting
young person.	good quality teaching.	environment access may not be	adaptations of curriculum	which impacts on all areas of	wholly reliant on adult support for	condition/needs.
		possible without mediation	materials e.g., scaffolding,	independent learning and/or	moving, positioning, personal care	
CYP attempts all physical	CYP can move and position	and/or adaptations of curriculum	physical/neurological difficulties	emotional wellbeing throughout	including drinking eating.	CYP has total and complex
	independently but has some	materials and/or adaptive	requiring support for recording.	the school day.		support needs for mobility,
	stability or motor coordination	equipment.			CYP has no independent seated	personal care, positioning,
	difficulties.		CYP uses a mobility aid, specialist	CYP has medical needs that	stability.	movement, hoisting and
appropriate fine or grow motor		CYP has some independence in	seating or requires support in	require regular reviews of their		eating/drinking.
	CYP has difficulties relating to	managing interventions required	moving positioning and personal	medical health care plans	Transfers are likely to require	
experiences.	tasks involving fine and gross	for their condition e.g., personal	care, eating/drinking needs	authorised by relevant medical	hoisting.	CYP health care needs require
	motor skills, which require	care, movement, however regular		professional.		highly structured and complex
Medical needs are managed	reasonable adjustments and	adult support is needed.	CYP will have substantial		Have severe physical disability	medical interventions authorised
without a need for intervention.	additional planning.		communication/recording needs	Significant difficulties with	that create substantial	by medical professionals, very
CYP can manage own medical,		CYP uses of mobility aid	associated with physical disability.	communication, learning and	communication difficulties	likely to require fast staff
_	Has a use of mobility aid when	throughout the day with some		recording necessitating use of	requiring aid such as assistive	response an administration of
	needed (occasionally or at specific	independence e.g., walking frame	CYP's physical and/or medical	assistive technology,	curriculum devices.	emergency rescue medication.
	time times of the day) with	or wheelchair	condition significantly impacts on	Augmentative and Alternative		
	competence e.g., walking frame		their self-esteem, social	Communication	CYP medical needs are fluctuating	CYP is not able to communicate
	or wheelchair.	CYP's physical and/or medical	interactions, and emotional		and can lead to frequent	needs and is wholly reliant on
activities without support		condition begins to significantly	regulation (refer to SEMH	CYP not able to manage most of	emergency situations.	adult support for all intimate and
	CYP can manage own intimate,	impact on their self-esteem, social	indicators).	their toileting, eating and drinking		self-care needs.
EY: Child is age appropriate in	and self-care need with minimal	interactions and emotional		needs. CYP might be aware of the	CYP is unable to communicate	
self-care routines	adult support.	regulation (refer to SEMH	May have significant	toileting needs and routine; and	verbally; may be able to	The physical complexity of the
		indicators).	PDA/Demand Avoidance traits	be able to participate in some	communicate when using	CYP means that they do not learn
	May have needs relating to			aspects of this.	specialist communication aids.	incidentally and require an adult
	undertaking practical tasks,	Medical needs require specific	CYP's physical condition requires			with them at all times to ensure
	reducing the level of	adaptations to ensure inclusion	a care plan in order to ensure	Physical skills may fluctuate	Extreme PDA/Demand Avoidance	that they engage in the
	independence.	e.g. CYP who uses sticks for	inclusion in class routines, e.g.	and/or deteriorate during a day.	traits.	lessons/activities.
		walking	CYP with significant epilepsy			
	May have physical/medical		(consider impact e.g. recovering	Transfers may require hoisting.	CYP need a developmental	CYP may have life-threatening
	condition which impact on access	CYP exhibits a medical difficulty,	time and threat to life).		curriculum and require a carefully	epilepsy that requires constant
	to the academic and social	e.g. epilepsy, cerebral palsy etc,		CYP may have MDVI (multi	designed programme in order to	monitoring and immediate
	curriculum and require	which at times affects how class	CYP may have a physical disability	disability and visual impairment),	be appropriately positioned.	attention if in seizure.
	medication to manage condition.	routines need to be planned.	which makes it difficult to	deteriorating conditions and		
	CYP may tire more quickly.		participate in class activities.	cerebral visual impairment.	CYP may have a level of seizures	CYP requires very close, constant
	Condition may require monitoring	EY: A child with physical			which requires constant	individual support for care, health
	e.g. arthritis and diabetes.	difficulties who requires some	CYP needs individual programme	CYP may have a significant	monitoring.	and safety needs which may
		support to access some areas of	to develop and maintain self-care	physical disability which makes it		require more than one adult.
	May have physical abnormalities,	the provision.	skills, health and safety, or	difficult to participate in class	CYP is non-ambulant with a	
	which may make CYP self-		healthcare needs (e.g. may	activities.	gastrostomy and are regularly fed	Pupils require a demanding
	conscious, isolate, defensive or	A child who may need access to	require easily maintained		in school. Once positioned/seated	physical regime that is necessary
	behave erratically.	specialist equipment.	gastrostomy feed).	CYP requires individual	they will have access to the world	in order to develop and maintain
				supervision in order to engage in	and be able to take part in	a body that is healthy and more
	EY: Child has a physical/medical	Medical diagnosis of a mild to	Physical disability requires 1:1	and develop independence skills	activities with some physical or	likely to carry them into
		moderate bearing impairment	assistance with mobility. Health	and address health and safety	verbal prompts and support. If	adulthood.
	need but is able to access all play	moderate hearing impairment.	assistance with mobility. Treath			adartifoodi
	need but is able to access all play and activities with adult support	moderate nearing impairment.	and safety are both issues. A child	issues, e.g. regular gastrostomy	left, they continue to engage in a	



	Medical diagnosis of a lower to	physical difficulties who requires		working at the low
EY: Child may need some support in self-care routines	Medical diagnosis of a lower to moderate visual impairment. The child has difficulty accessing some areas of the learning environment requires some support. Low level medical conditions requiring some input throughout the day Child needs high level support with manging self-help skills	<ul> <li>physical difficulties who requires support to access all areas of the provision.</li> <li>A child who uses specialist equipment at significant points throughout the day.</li> <li>Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe hearing impairment, which is impacting progress.</li> <li>Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe visual impairment. The child has difficulty accessing all areas of the learning environment requires support.</li> <li>Medical conditions that require more frequent input throughout the day</li> <li>Staff require specialist training</li> <li>Child needs a higher level of support for self-care skills</li> <li>EY: A child with a long term and significant physical difficulties who requires support to access all areas of the provision.</li> <li>A child who uses specialist equipment at significant points throughout the day.</li> <li>Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe hearing impairment, which is impacting progress.</li> <li>Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe visual impairment. The child has difficulty accessing all areas of the provision.</li> <li>Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe visual impairment. The child has difficulty accessing all areas of the learning environment requires support.</li> <li>Medical conditions that require more frequent input throughout the day</li> <li>Staff require specialist training</li> <li>Child needs a higher level of support for self-care skills</li> </ul>	CYP may have PMLD but will still be capable of some incidental engagement. EY: A child with a long term and significant physical difficulties who requires support to access all areas of the provision. A child who uses specialist equipment at significant points throughout the day. Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe hearing impairment, which is impacting progress. Medical diagnosis of a moderate to severe visual impairment. The child has difficulty accessing all areas of the learning environment requires support. Medical conditions that require more frequent input throughout the day Staff require specialist training Child needs a higher level of support for self-care skills	<ul> <li>working at the lew short while. CYP of require two or thr during a day.</li> <li>EY: The child has s physical/medical r impact on progress learning which red term involvement and health profess</li> <li>EY: The child requiding of adult support to curriculum and fut all aspects of the effective setting.</li> <li>Examples of need <ul> <li>The child condition on perso (catheter bags).</li> <li>A child w condition their life, missing at amount of a A child w impact on practical safety.</li> <li>child has needs that considerat therapy of intervent</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



evel planned for a of this kind may nree transfers

significant needs which ess and access to equiring longt of educational ssionals

uires a high level to access the ully participate in early years

d: d has a medical on that impacts onal hygiene er, colostomy

whose medical on impacts on e, e.g. a child a significant of education whose needs on their access to a activities and

s significant hat require a rable amount of or medical ntions. CYP require very frequent changes of position to transfer between different pieces of equipment for example, chair, standing frame, wedge etc.

CYP will experience more than three highly technical transfers in a day each transfer taking two and sometimes three adults.

CYP generally benefit from hydrotherapy sessions where exercises are designed by physiotherapists.

CYP is incontinent requiring incontinence aids

CYP who, for reasons of survival, need constant monitoring

CYP in the terminal phase of a progressive condition where they have become totally dependent and are losing basic sensory functions

EY: The child has significant physical/medical needs which impact on progress and access to learning which requiring longterm involvement of educational and health professionals The child requires a high level of adult support to access the curriculum and fully participate in all aspects of the early years setting.

Examples of need:

- The child has a medical condition that impacts on personal hygiene (catheter, colostomy bags).
- A child whose medical condition impacts on their life, e.g. a child missing a significant amount of education
- A child whose needs impact on their access to practical activities and safety.

Image: state of the state
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The funding stream for this area of need is likely to be funded through health

